Business Setup for LED Lighting Assembly

The LED lamp market will grow at 25 per cent annually to reach \$25 billion in 2023. Hence LED light manufacturing is a profitable investment opportunity for entrepreneurs

Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) are semiconductor devices that emit visible light when electric current passes through them. Compared to conventional lighting systems, these are smaller, have a longer operating life and involve a lower cost of ownership. Available in a wide range of colours, LED light bulbs are more durable and offer comparable or better light quality than other types of lighting.

Residential LED lights, especially Energy Star rated products, consume at least 75 per cent less energy and last 25 times longer than incandescent lights. These also use significantly less power—a typical 84-watt fluorescent light can be replaced with a 36-watt LED to give the same level of light output.

The LED lamp market is projected to grow at 25 per cent annually to reach \$25 billion in 2023. Hence LED light manufacturing is a profitable investment opportunity for entrepreneurs.

Full-scale LED light manufacturing requires setting up of a large-scale factory with a complex production process. However, it is possible for small-scale entrepreneurs to set up LED light assembly units as a small- or medium-scale manufacturing operation.

TABLE I TOTAL FIXED CAPITAL						
1. MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT COST						
Description	Quantity	Value (₹)				
Component forming machine	2	100,000				
Soldering machine	10	5000				
Digital multimeter	2	8000				
Continuity tester	10	1000				
Sealing machine	1	10,000				
Packaging machine	1	15,000				
LCR meter	2	20,000				
Small drilling machine	1	10,000				
Lux meter	1	40,000				
Oscilloscope	1	60,000				
Personnel computer with UPS and printer	1	80,000				
Miscellaneous items	-	10,000				
Total	-	359,000				
2. OTHER FIXED ASS	SETS					
Description		Value (₹)				
Electrification charges @ 10 per cent of machinery co	st	35,900				
Office equipment, furniture and working tables, etc		20,000				
Tools, jigs and fixtures		20,000				
Pre-operative expenses	5000					
Miscellaneous items	5000					
Total		85,900				
Total fixed capital (1+2)	444,900					

Process

- 1. LED-based lighting system cum LED lamp assembly consists of the following steps:
- 2. Procure/import mill watt-rated LED chips, circuit and other mounting devices
- 3. Embed mill watt-rated LED chips on the PCB board with the rectifier circuit, filter circuit, etc
- 4. Fit the PCB board with a holder cap and plastic modules fitted with Smokey reflector to form a compact unit
- 5. Test the assembled LED lighting system and package

Raw materials

For assembly of LED-based lighting systems up to 10W you may require:

- 1. LED chips
- 2. Rectifier circuit with filter
- 3. Heat-sink devices
- 4. Metallic cap holder
- 5. Plastic body
- 6. Reflector plastic glass
- 7. Connecting wire
- 8. Soldering flux
- 9. Miscellaneous items
- 10. Packaging material

Equipment required

LED light manufacturing or assembly is a complex process. Machines need to be selected on the basis of the specific LED type that is being produced and the raw material being used. However, major machines include:

- 1. LED PCB assembly machine
- 2. LED lights assembly machine
- 3. High-speed LED mounting machine
- 4. LED chip SMD mounting machine
- 5. Candlelight assembly machine for LED
- 6. LED tube light assembly machine

Other equipment that may be required:

- 1. Soldering machine
- 2. Sealing machine
- 3. Small drilling machine
- 4. Packaging machine
- 5. LCR meter
- 6. Digital multi meter
- 7. Continuity tester
- 8. Lux meter
- 9. Oscilloscope

	V - 952	PITAL PER MO	anazane (97)
	1. STA	FF AND LABOUR	
Description	No. of persons	Salary per month (₹)	Total salary per month (₹
Supervisor cum manager	1	25,000	25,000
Skilled worker	5	18,000	90,000
Accountant	1	22,000	22,000
Total		(4 3)	137,000
	2. RA	W MATERIALS	
Description	Quantity	Rate	Value (₹)
LED chips	45,000	4	180,000
Rectifier circuit with filter	3750	20	75,000
Heat-sink devices	3750	5	18,750
Metallic cap holder	3750	10	37,500
Plastic body	3750	10	37,500
Reflector plastic glass	3750	10	37,500
Connecting wire	-	ra e	5000
Soldering flux	-	24	5000
Miscellaneous	-	-	10,000
Packaging material	-	es.	10,000
Total	1	-	416,250
	3	. UTILITIES	
Description			Value (₹)
Power			3000
Water			500
Total			3500
00000	4 NT	HER EXPENSES	possó
Description	4.01	Em Ended	Value (₹)
Rent			10,000
Postage and stationery		500	
Telephone/fax		2000	
Repair and maintenance			1000
Transport and conveyance charges			1500
Advertising and publicity		1000	
Insurance and taxes		1000	
Miscelláneous expenditure		1000	
Total		18,000	
Total recurring expenditure per month (1+2+3+4)		574,750	

Pollution control requirements

The following steps may help to control pollution wherever applicable:

- 1. Fumes and gases are released during hand soldering/wave soldering/dip soldering, which are harmful to people as well as the environment and end products. Alternative technologies may be used to phase-out the existing polluting technologies. Numerous new fluxes have been developed, which contain 2-10 per cent solids as opposed to the traditional 15-35 per cent solids.
- 2. CFCs, carbon tetrachloride and methyl chloroform are used for cleaning of printed circuit boards after assembly to remove flux residues left after soldering and various kinds of foams for packaging. Many alternative solvents could replace CFC-113 and methyl chloroform in electronics cleaning. Other chlorinated compounds such as trichloroethylene, per chloroethylene and methylene chloride have been used as effective cleaners in the electronics industry for many years. Other organic solvents such as ketenes and alcohols are effective in removing both solder fluxes and many polar contaminants.

TABLE III PRODUCTION COST PER ANNUM				
Description	Value (₹)			
Total recurrent expenditure	6,897,000			
Depreciation on machinery and equipment@10 per cent	35,900			
Depreciation on tools, jigs and fixtures @25 per cent	5000			
Depreciation on office equipment and furniture @ 20 per cent	4000			
Interest on total capital investment @ 13 per cent	240,259			
Total	7,182,159			

TABLE IV TURNOVER PER ANNUM						
Item	Quantity	Unit price	Total value (₹)			
LED lamp	50,000	175	8,750,000			

LED light manufacturing business registration

The entrepreneur needs to obtain following registrations and licences from government authorities:

- 1. Company registration with ROC
- 2. Trade licence from municipal authority
- 3. Udyog Aadhaar MSME registration
- 4. BIS certification
- 5. Bureau of Energy Efficiency certification
- 6. NOC from Pollution Control Board
- 7. GST registration

However, specific licence and registration requirements will depend on the manufacturing process and the type of LED light that is being produced.

Disclaimer

- 1. The project profile may change for individual entrepreneurship qualities/ capacity, production programme and also location characteristics, wherever applicable.
- 2. On an average, the margin money recommended is 25 per cent of the working capital requirement. However, the percentage of margin money may vary at the bank's discretion.

Business economics

Under Modified Special Incentive Package Scheme (M-SIPS), the Indian government provides a special incentive package to promote large-scale manufacturing in the electronic system design and manufacturing (ESDM) sector. This scheme was amended on August 3, 2015. Salient amendments to the scheme include:

- 1. The term of the scheme has been extended up to 27-07-2020.
- 2. The scope of the scheme has been extended to cover additional verticals.
- 3. The procedure for grant of approval has been simplified and streamlined.

Incentives are now available for investments made in a project within a period of 10 years from the date of application.

Land and building

- 1. Built-up area: 280sq.m (3000sq.ft) office
- 2. Store: 93sq.m (1000sq.ft)
- 3. Assembly and testing: 185sq.m (2000sq.ft)
- 4. Rent payable per month: ₹ 10,000

Financial analysis

- Profit per annum (before taxes) = Turnover per annum-Production cost per annum= ₹1,567,841
- Net profit ratio=(Profit per annum)×100/(Sales per annum)
- Rate of return=(Profit per annum) ×100/(Total capital investment)
- Breakeven point.
- Breakeven point=(Fixed cost) ×100/(Fixed cost + Profit)

References

- http://muvsi.in/led-light-manufacturing-smallscale/
- http://meity.gov.in/esdm/incentive-schemes
- http://www.dcmsme.gov.in/reports/electronic/ Project per cent20profile per cent20on per cent20LED per cent20based per cent20Lighting per cent20System.pdf

https://www.electronicsb2b.com/important-sectors/leds-led-lighting/business-setup-led-lighting-assembly/

meity.gov.in/esdm/incentive-scemes

dcmsme.gov.in/reports/electronic/